Choose the correct alternative for the following questions.	
Shareholder gets remuneration on his Investments in form of	
a) Dividend b) Salary c) Interest d) Commission	
2. Debentureholder gets remuneration on his Investments in form of	
a) Dividend b) Salary c) Interest d) Commission	
3. Shares of Rs.10/- issued at Rs.12/- is called as shares issued	
a) At Premium b) At Par c) At Discount d) At cost	
4. Shares of Rs.10/- issued at Rs.8/- is called as shares issued	
a) At Premium b) At Par c) At Discount d) At cost	
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5. Shares of Rs.10/- issued at Rs.10/- is called as shares issued	
a) At Premium b) At Par c) At Discount d) At cost	
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6. If any Shareholder paid entire Balance with allotment is termed as	
a) Calles in Arrears b) Calles in Advance c) Final call d) Forfeited	
and the control of th	
7. If any shareholder failed to pay any call his shares were?	
a) Issued b) Calles in Advance c) Fully paid d) Forfeited	
a) issued b) Canes in Advance c) I dry paid d) I officied	
9. Forfaited charge of A given to B is known as	
8. Forfeited shares of A given to B is known as	
a) Issued b) Bonus c) Re-issue d) Forfeited	
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9. Who is the Loan Creditor of the company?	
a) Preference Share holder b) Equity Share holder c) Debenture holder d) Debtors	
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10. Who is the True Owner of the company?	
a) Preference Share holder b) Equity Share holder c) Debenture holder d) Creditor	
11. Which of the following is not Type of Debentures?	
a) Secured b) Unsecured c) Redeemable d) Preference	
12. A written acknowledgement of a debt by a Company means	
a) Preference Share b) Equity Share c) Debenture d) Creditor	
13. Redemption of Debentures means	
a) Repayment or Discharge b) Issue c) Re-issue d) Allotment	
14. For Redemption of Debentures Company may create a special fund termed as	
a) Sinking fund b) Reserve fund c) Provident fund d) General reserve	
15. Any Profit/Loss entitled by Company before its incorporation is termed as	
a) Gross Profit b) Net Profit c) Dividend d) P/L prior to incorporation	

16. Profit earned by the Company prior to its incorporation being
a) Gross Profit b) Net Profit c) Dividend d) Capital Profit
17. In which ratio, Gross Profit is divided?
a) Time/Period Ratio b) Sales Ratio c) Current Ratio d) Expense Ratio
18. Expenses of Fixed nature like Salaries divided in the Ratio of
a) Time/Period Ratio b) Sales Ratio c) Current Ratio d) Expense Ratio
19. Expenses of variable nature like Advertisement divided in the Ratio of
a) Time/Period Ratio b) Sales Ratio c) Current Ratio d) Expense Ratio
20. Audit fee posted in the Column of
a) Prior Rs. b) Post Rs. c) Cash d) Bank
21. Preparation of final Accounts is made compulsory as per Companies Act
a) 1956 b) 1948 c) 1950 d) 1949
dy 15 to 0, 15 to 0, 15 to 0, 15 to
22. In Vertical form of Balance Sheet Liability side means
a) Source of funds b) Application of funds c) Debit side d) Credit side
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23. Balance Sheet is a
a) Statement b) Account c) Report d) Book
24. In Vertical form of Balance Sheet, Assets side means
a) Source of funds b) Application of funds c) Debit side d) Credit side
25. Which of the following is A Current Asset?
a) Machinery b) Building c) Furniture d) Cash in hand
26. Which of the following is Fixed Assets?
a) Stock in trade b) Debtors c) Furniture d) Cash in hand
27. Preliminary expenses shown in the Balance Sheet under the heading
a) Miscellaneous Expenditure b) Investment c) Current Assets d) Fixed Assets
28. Net profit on P & L A/c is transfer under the heading
a) Reserve & Surplus b) Investment c) Share Capital d) Secured Loan
29. In Company final Accounts Schedule number 1st is
a) Reserve & Surplus b) Investment c) Share Capital d) Fixed Assets
30. Salary is the following type of expenses

a) Operating b) Non Operating c) Direct d) None of the above